Security Whitepaper: LogicMonitor Hosted Monitoring Platform

# **Logic**Monitor

### Security Whitepaper LogicMonitor Hosted Monitoring Platform

#### Introduction

LogicMonitor is a Software-as-a-Service based IT operations monitoring system designed to simplify health and performance management of complex technology infrastructures. Helping to protect the confidentiality of our customers' systems and data is of utmost importance to LogicMonitor, as is maintaining the trust and confidence of our customers. This document is intended to describe the protections provided by LogicMonitor to ensure that our customers' data is well-protected, as well as describe the controls we've implemented to ensure the integrity and availability of the LogicMonitor platform.

#### **Overview**

LogicMonitor's security stance is based upon a multilayered strategy that provides controls across all levels of our platform: from design and implementation of the LogicMonitor product through the transmission, storage, and access of customer data and all the way down through the operation of our technical infrastructure. Our comprehensive security strategy includes the following components:

- Product Security
- Operational Security
- Physical & Environmental Security
- Business Continuity Management
- Organizational Security

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For more information on LogicMonitor visit **www.logicmonitor.com** 

### **Product Security**

The LogicMonitor platform has been designed with a depth of security features to ensure the privacy and security of our customers' data.

#### **Network Transport Protections**

All access to the LogicMonitor platform — whether by browser, LogicMonitor API, or LogicMonitor Collector — is conducted exclusively over HTTPS using Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption. TLS is a cryptographic protocol that is designed to protect against eavesdropping, tampering, and message forgery. LogicMonitor uses the most up-to-date version of the protocol (TLS 1.2), long (2048-bit) encryption keys, and purposefully avoids weak encryption ciphers.

#### **End-User Authentication**

User-accounts are authenticated to the LogicMonitor platform either using our in-built authentication system or via integration with a customer-configured Identity Provider via Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML). When using stock authentication, passwords are never stored directly but instead maintained in salted one-way hashes according to industry best-practice. In addition to minimum strength requirements, the hashing algorithm we employ has native resistance to brute-force attacks. Together these ensure that our customer's passwords are safe even in a worst-case scenario. To further protect account security, two-factor authentication is available either on a per-account or per-role basis.

Alternately our customers can elect to authenticate their end-users to LogicMonitor via their own SAML Identity Provider. Using SAML, our customers sign-in using existing credentials that are stored within their own in-house systems. As a result, authentication management policies such as password strength, password aging, or the use of custom multi-factor or biometric systems are directly controlled by the customer.

#### **Network Whitelisting**

In addition to authentication controls, LogicMonitor allows for the creation of a "Network Whitelist." This feature allows for our customers to provide a list of IP network blocks from which their account may be accessed. Any attempt to signin from unspecified networks is blocked.

#### **Role-Based Authorization**

Once authenticated, end-user access is controlled by a sophisticated role-based access control (RBAC) system. Using RBAC, custom roles can be created to limit access to any area of the LogicMonitor platform. For example, roles might be created to separate access on a device level so that a network team and server team can't view one another's devices. Alternately, roles can be deployed to limit individuals access to modify monitoring LogicModules or Collector configurations. Roles can be applied such that they provide fine-grained access to any individual account and its associated API tokens.

#### Access to Monitored Devices

LogicMonitor's best practices dictate that the Collector have the least possible privileges to gather instrumentation for any given device; typically, read-only rights are sufficient. Access configuration for each device is entirely within our customers' control, and our documentation provides details on how to configure the minimum required rights.

#### Data Classification and Handling

All customer device data provided to LogicMonitor is classified according to sensitivity. Device names are handled as non-sensitive data, while device metadata such as IP addresses, ports, SNMP community names, API passwords, LM Config<sup>™</sup> files, netflow data, and other application-specific information are considered highly-sensitive and treated with the utmost security. Such data is encrypted upon receipt using industrial-strength AES encryption using the strongest possible key size (256 bits). Encryption keys are unique per-customer, and generated in-memory such that they are never stored to disk. This design ensures that decryption of sensitive data is virtually impossible by even the most sophisticated attacker.

#### **Collector Security**

The LogicMonitor Collector has been carefully designed and developed with high-security in mind. All communications made by the collector are outbound: either within your LAN to the devices it's been assigned to monitor, or outbound to the LogicMonitor platform. This design is specifically intended to limit the Collector's attack surface.

Communication between the Collector and the LogicMonitor platform uses HTTPS/TLS with publically-signed certificates to prevent man-in-the-middle attacks between itself and the LogicMonitor platform. Each Collector authenticates itself to the LogicMonitor platform via a strong credential which

undergoes regular rotation. All sensitive device data handled by the Collector is always stored in-memory and never written to disk.

#### Secure Alert Transmission

LogicMonitor supports transmission of alerts via email, SMS, voice message, and API/webhook. Email alerts are delivered from LogicMonitor using Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) with TLS to provide encrypted delivery of alert message content. SMS and voice alerts are delivered to our subservice provider's communication gateway exclusively over authenticated APIs secured with TLS encryption. Any custom alerts configured via a webhook can employ any security mechanisms supported by the service endpoint.

#### Audit Logging

LogicMonitor maintains comprehensive audit logs which detail actions taken within your account by end-users and API calls. Audit log retention is based on package (3 months / 1 year / 2 years) and all content is searchable. Our reporting features allow for offline storage of access logs via automatic report generation.

#### **Penetration Testing**

LogicMonitor validates the security of our platform via third-party penetration testing. The security defect testing regimen includes automated static code analysis (SAST), manual source code analysis, dynamic application security testing (DAST), as well as manual testing for defects conducted from within the LogicMonitor Platform and Collector environment. Any security defects discovered are escalated to our development team for highest-priority remediation.

#### **Shared Security Responsibilities**

The LogicMonitor platform provides a depth of security controls that are designed to be managed by account administrators. Our customers are obligated to use these features effectively to ensure the security and integrity of their systems.

Specifically, end-user authentication — either using authentication or SAML — should be configured such that each individual uses a unique account. Two factor authentication, either as provided in-product or via your SAML Identity Provider, is strongly recommended. Roles should be created as appropriate and assigned to user accounts based on the principle of least-privilege. Administrator access should be restricted to as few individuals as possible.



Figure 1. LogicMonitor Platform – Data Flow Overview

### **Operational Security**

The operational infrastructure on which the LogicMonitor platform runs has been designed with high-security as a primary consideration, using a defensein-depth approach to ensure comprehensive threat protection.

#### **Platform Architecture**

Fundamental to the security of LogicMonitor's operational infrastructure is the design of our multi-tenancy architecture, by which each customer account is created as a completely independent entity. Each customer account is logically and/or physically separated from every other, effectively isolating each customer from one another. This ensures that a security breach involving any single customer can't affect any other customer accounts.

#### Network & Operating System Security

The LogicMonitor service platform is operated out of three geographicallydistributed datacenters with ancillary services provided out of adjacent AWS regions. Each operational footprint is secured by modern firewall systems that employ intelligent packet inspection, traffic classification and filtering, and malware identification/blocking. Traffic is routed through delivery controllers which provide additional protections before sending the traffic to application servers. LogicMonitor production servers run non-virtualized Linux and are hardened according to defense-grade standards.

#### Vulnerability Management

Each application server runs intrusion detection software which scans for system vulnerabilities from within the production network. Vulnerability scans originating from an external perspective are conducted on an ongoing basis using commercial tools. This outside-in approach ensures that any possible issue will be discovered. Once a legitimate vulnerability has been identified it is ticketed and prioritized for remediation.

#### **Incident Management**

LogicMonitor has a formal incident management process for any events that may affect the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of its systems or data. This process specifies courses of action, procedures for notification, escalation, mitigation, and documentation. When an information security incident occurs, technical operations staff respond by logging and prioritizing the incident according to its severity. Events that directly impact customer data are treated with the highest priority. Following remediation, incidents undergo postmortem investigations as necessary to determine the root cause for single

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events, trends spanning multiple events over time, and to develop new strategies to help prevent recurrence of similar incidents.



Figure 2. LogicMonitor Platform – Network & Security Topology Overview

#### **Physical & Environmental Security**

LogicMonitor's production systems are housed in geographically-distributed datacenters operated by a third-party subservice organization. Our subservice provider maintains stringent controls around the physical and environmental security of each site. A five-step process is required to gain physical access to LogicMonitor servers, including a 24x7x365 manned security check, electronic keycards, and successive biometric scanning at each point of access. High-resolution video surveillance is maintained throughout the facilities.

Environmental controls include N+1 redundancy in generator-backed uninterruptable power, N+2 redundancy in cooling capacity, along with VESDAbased fire suppression, flood control, and earthquake resiliency. Each facility is certified as compliant either with SOC2 Type 2 or ISO 27001 standards, and LogicMonitor reviews these compliance reports annually to ensure maintenance of sufficient security controls.

#### **Business Continuity Management**

To minimize service interruption due to hardware failure, natural disaster, or other catastrophes, LogicMonitor has Disaster Recovery (DR) principles bakedin to the foundation of our service operation. Our DR program includes multiple components to minimize the risk of any single point of failure.

#### **Redundancy & Resiliency**

In addition to maintaining operations across geographically-distributed datacenters, LogicMonitor maintains sufficient warm-spare compute capacity in each service location to absorb the failure of any other location. Network equipment is deployed in N+1 high-availability pairs to provide for immediate failover. All devices employ redundant power supplies, each of which are connected to independent generator-backed power circuits. Internet connectivity is fully redundant at each location, with WAN links to multiple ISPs maintained across physically disparate routing hardware.

#### Backup & Recovery

Backups of LogicMonitor customer data are conducted via customer data "snapshots" which occur every four hours. Upon generation, each snapshot is encrypted with a customer-specific key and transmitted to Amazon Web Services (AWS). Once in AWS, each snapshot package is replicated across at least two AWS geographic regions. A rotation schedule is maintained for each snapshot package, with a maximum retention period of one year.

The restoration of customer data from a snapshot is an automated process that can be actuated only by LogicMonitor technical operations staff. Our overall backup/restore processes undergo scheduled testing once per quarter.

### **Organizational Security**

#### **Personnel Security**

LogicMonitor employees are required to conduct themselves in a manner consistent with the company's guidelines regarding confidentiality, business

ethics, and professional standards. Before hiring, LogicMonitor verifies each individual's previous employment, conducts reference checks, and performs background checks where permitted by local labor laws and regulations. Upon acceptance of employment at LogicMonitor, all employees are required to execute a confidentiality agreement and must acknowledge receipt of and compliance with policies in our Employee Handbook. As part of new-hire orientation all employees receive baseline security training, with additional training provided based on an individual's role.

#### Access Control

#### **Authentication Controls**

LogicMonitor requires the use of a unique userid for each of our employees, which is used to identify each person's activity on our corporate network. All LogicMonitor business systems are configured such that they are accessible only by this this unique account.

Access to any systems that contain customer data require authentication via a centrally-managed Single Sign-On (SSO) service. LogicMonitor's SSO system enforces the use of strong password policies, including password expiration, restrictions on password reuse, and minimum password strength. Two-factor authentication is enforced to further protect against unauthorized access.

Upon hire, an employee is assigned an account by our People Operations unit and is granted the minimum privileges required by their role as described below. At the end of an individual's employment with LogicMonitor, a policybased workflow ensures that account access is disabled.

#### **Authorization Controls**

Access rights and levels are based on an employee's job function and role, using the concepts of least privilege and need-to-know to match access privileges to defined responsibilities. LogicMonitor employees are granted only a limited set of default permissions to access common corporate resources. Requests for additional access follow a formal process that involves a request and an approval from a data or system owner, manager, or other executives. Approvals are managed by workflow tools that maintain auditable records of all changes.

#### Accounting

LogicMonitor's policy is to log each authentication transaction and sign-on request to each individual business system. These logs are maintained off-site in an immutable format and are reviewable on an as-needed basis.

#### Third-Party Auditing & Compliance

LogicMonitor has undergone a third-party audit of our operational controls to meet the principles of security, availability, and confidentiality as defined by the AICPA's Service Organization Controls (SOC) Trust Services Principles and Criteria. Our processes around service infrastructure, software, people, procedures, and data handling have been evaluated and found compliant, and we maintain a SOC2 report as certification.

### Conclusion

LogicMonitor is committed to keeping the customer data we steward on behalf of our customers safe and secure. Each of the components of our multi-layered security strategy is embraced throughout the organization.

Thousands of customers trust LogicMonitor to assist with the management of their technology infrastructure, and we invest in that trust every day. Our customers can rest assured that LogicMonitor values the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of their data.